

W. P. WALTON.

Our sprightly contemporary, the Owensboro Inquirer, very aptly says: Our civilized contemporaries are pouring out their wrath on that standard "relic of barbarism," the whipping-post; our esteemed contemporaries who are possibly not all civilized, are pushing forward arguments and legislative candidates in favor of it. Fighting the devil with fire has always been found the most effective way to make an ancient enemy of mankind change his plans and habits. The last may be a relic of barbarism but so is crime. Such extreme fastidiousness on the subject of punishment is the curse of Kentucky. We are too sensitive, too tender-hearted, altogether too benevolent to want to punish a poor wretch who has committed crime. A little more justice in our social composition would make us less lenient to criminals, and less apt to find difficulties in the way of punishing them.

KENTUCKY honored herself Friday by hanging another of her hundreds of murderers who deserve the gibbet. Nearly two years ago Gus Finley, in a drunken row, shot and killed James Hunt, while endeavoring to shoot one Dagley, who had struck him. After committing the deed he ran off, but finally surrendered and stood his trial, which resulted in a verdict of death to be executed last December. An appeal was taken and the judgment stayed on the grounds that the man was drunk at the time of the commission of the deed. The court decided, however, to let his credit be it said, that drunkenness is no excuse for crime, and the second day for the execution was fixed by the governor. Finley bore up well and died saying no vain of murder was on his soul.

MILLED by the bulletins of his physicians who sought to advertise themselves at the expense of Gen. Grant and the country at large, we have on several occasions recently, held our forms open later than usual to announce the death of the great soldier. He has not died, however, but on the contrary is up and walking about his room and it is charged that the doctors were wrong in their diagnosis of his case and that he has no cancer at all. He now is awaiting an improvement in the weather to resume his rides in the park, and there is already discussion of the propriety of taking him to the mountains to reside during the coming summer.

THE Louisville Times will celebrate the first anniversary of its birth, May 1st, by issuing a double number, and an immense edition. The success of that paper has been as remarkable as it is gratifying to every friend of its brilliant and progressive editors, Mr. Emmett G. Logan and Col. E. Polk Johnson. They have every facility now for collecting the news and in most cases give it twelve hours in advance of the morning papers. It is by far the brightest evening paper in the country and is already up with the most advanced either East or West in furnishing its readers with the latest and most reliable news.

THE news comes from London that an agreement has been reached between Russia and England as to the Afghan boundary, that Peshawar is to be ceded to Russia, and that a collision has probably been averted for the present. This is considered a back down on the part of England, which seems to be afraid to measure swords with the Russians. On the other hand, it is said that both sides are delaying the crisis so as to be better prepared for it, with soldiers and all the munitions of war. It can not be held at this time what will be the result.

THE President has appointed Hon. Boyd Winchester, of Louisville, consul to Nice, France. The position is not a very remunerative one, but Mr. Winchester's health is poor and the climate of Southern France is the finest in the world. In fact Nice is a health resort for the rich people of all parts of Europe and the society is among the best anywhere. Mr. Winchester is a finely educated and accomplished man, and the appointment like all Mr. Cleveland has made, is a happy and acceptable one.

THE President says that in all cases where colored republicans hold office he will appoint democrats of the same race, when their terms of office expire or they are removed for cause. In accordance with this policy the Postmaster-General has appointed ex-Representative Tom Hamilton, of Beaufort, S. C., route agent from Beaufort to Jacksonville, S. C. Hamilton was the leader of a small band of colored men who supported the Hampton Government in South Carolina in 1876.

THE Murray Medicine Co., of Kansas City, Mo., is a fraud and a swindle and we hereby warn the newspapers publishing their advertisement, against trusting them further. We drew on them for the unpaid portion of their bill with us last week, and the draft was returned, "No good." The scamps got into us by paying their bills promptly at first and thereby gaining their confidence.

ALLEN O. MYERS, a member of the Ohio Legislature, testifies that he was offered a bribe of \$10,000 to vote for Pendleton for Senator, but no one who knows the character of the man believes the story. He is for sale at a much lower sum.

THE editor of the Nicholasville Journal has been honored by having a jackass named for him. That is he advertises one called "Jumbo," by which name his friends are wont to designate the editor.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—John G. Hanson, one of Berea's best-known citizens, was killed by accident in his saw-mill.—[Richmond Register.]

—Edward Pierpont, Secretary of the American Legation at Rome, and acting Minister since Astor deserted his post, is dead.

—Tramps set fire to the stable of Senator Stanford, near Uma, Cal., and all but four of 115 horses and mules were burned to death.

—The Italian Government has made no protest against the appointment of A. M. Kelly, of Richmond, Va., as Minister to that court.

—Ben. M. Platt, a Cincinnati lawyer, destroyed his life in his office Saturday. He was a cousin of Col. Donn and John James Platt.

—At Hinkleville, Ky., Jan. L. Anderson murdered his wife because she was too sick to cook his dinner. He has probably been hung by a mob.

—The Attorney General has given an opinion to the President sustaining the eligibility of Mr. Lawton, of Georgia, for appointment as Minister to Russia.

—Eighteen years ago the store of Bert Thomas, of Dyersburg, was robbed of \$1,000. He was recently called to Arkansas and received \$1,500 payment of the sum stolen.

—Beside Kentucky's contribution Friday, Arkansas furnished a murderer named Hill and New Hampshire another named Samon for the gallows. All died protesting their innocence.

—The old joke of the Washington correspondents about Phil Thompson's name being mentioned for this or that is getting stale. Too much mentioning is what ails Thompson.—[Owensboro Inquirer.]

—A murderer at Madisonville offered a bail bond worth \$100,000, but the court would not allow him to be released from jail. Rich or poor, high or low, the judiciary should be as firm in dealing with the criminal classes.—[Owensboro Messenger.]

—The Baroness Fannenberg, whose parents formerly lived at Lexington, has recently died in France, leaving an estate of a million dollars, which will go to her relatives, the brothers and sisters of Gen. Morgan.

—Maddux Bros., wholesale grocers and dealers in tobacco and cigars, Cincinnati, have made an assignment to Thornton M. Hinkle. Their assets are estimated nominally at \$180,000 and liabilities at \$130,000.

—The governments of France, Holland, Portugal and Turkey have declared quarantine against all vessels arriving from Spanish ports, on account of the cholera epidemic on the southern and eastern coasts of Spain.

—The Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company advertises for bids for the graduation, masonry and trestle on 90 miles of their road in North Carolina. Bids close on the 25th and must be sent to the company's office at Wilmington.

—The thunder-storm occasioned several casualties in various parts of the country Friday. At Nashville, Caroline Lafon, a colored woman, was killed by lightning. Near Birmingham, Ala., Joe Anderson met a similar fate; at Indianapolis several houses were blown down.

—A telegram from Washington says it is regarded as certain there, that Secretary of the Treasury Manning will revoke the ruling of ex-Secretary McCulloch allowing seven months extension on whisky intended for export. The Louisville whisky men are very blue in consequence of this news.

—In the United States Court at Cincinnati, Friday, Hon. John F. McKinney, of Piqua, Ohio, was convicted of having received excessive fees for collecting pensions. It was proven that he received \$130 for obtaining a pension of \$1,700. He was a member of the Forty-second Congress.

—Thomas A. Davis defeated E. T. Lillard for the democratic nomination for representative of Jessamine Saturday by 72 votes. Ben Crutcher was nominated for county attorney and Dr. Welch for jailer. It is said that \$6,000 was spent in the primary and that \$22 was paid at auction for a single vote.

—Judge Durham dispensed with two of his female force yesterday and another one to-day. He said they were of no service in his department and they were transferred. One of them is called the "Queen of the Treasury," and it was stated on all sides that she could not be dislodged, but she went all the same. One was a \$1,200 and the other a \$1,000 place.—[Commercial.]

HUSTONVILLE, LINCOLN COUNTY.

—Mrs. M. T. Williams, of this place, announces to the ladies that she is now receiving a large and well assorted line of spring and summer millinery consisting of every new and attractive novelty the markets contain.

—Dr. Brown is reported as enjoying life in the Crescent City and maintaining with commendable ability the high reputation of his native State. Soc. Owens has returned from a visit to Cumberland Falls and reports everything in good condition at that delightful retreat. The prospect for a large company there this year is flattering. He has already received intimations from various parties of an increase of his usual number of guests. Wink Alcorn has been sitting around among old friends for several days, shedding the genial sunshine of his countenance and spirit liberally.

—Mrs. J. C. Wright died at her residence near this place on Thursday, aged 74 years. She was an English lady, born in Ireland in the city of London. Her late husband held a position at one time in the Bank of England. They were both well connected, cultivated and intelligent and showed by their bearing that they had enjoyed the advantages of good society. Emigrating to this

country, they settled first in the State of Mississippi. After many vicissitudes they found a home in this State, in Pulaski county. Ultimately they moved to Lincoln county, having purchased the farm on which they closed their pilgrimage. They leave nine children, most of whom have found homes in Western States. Mrs. Wright was an indefatigable reader. The most valuable books and periodicals were on her table and her familiarity with English literature was surprising. She was fully aware of her approaching end and made preparations for the event with imperturbable method. Some two years since she encountered the fatigue and peril of an ocean voyage in order to take a last look at her childhood's home and returned to the land of her adoption to sink quietly to rest.

MT. VERNON DEPARTMENT.

Managed by Jno. B. Fish.

—The wheat crop of this county will not make the amount of seed that was sown. Most of the wheat fields were put in oats or will be put in corn.

—Wild greens are being brought into the market at this place. Lovers of that delicious luxury will now have plenty to eat, but we object.

—W. J. Newcomb was tried this morning before Squire A. J. Pike on a concealed weapon charge, and given 10 days in jail, and a fine of \$25. He will appeal the case.

—Several houses in town are receiving new coats of paint, but not before they were needed. A great deal of painting could be done and not injure the appearance of houses.

—All the peach trees that lived through the cold winter are laden with bloom. Cattle can live on the buds from now until the grass comes. Farmers are preparing to plant corn. A large crop will be planted. Ground breaks up in splendid condition.

—J. L. Whitehead and Miss Sallie Whitehead are in Williamsburg this week. Miss Marie Tully is visiting at Prof. J. S. Reppert's. Miss Ella Joplin has gone to Paris, Ky., to visit her sister, Mrs. W. T. Brooks. J. T. Adams and family, of Garard county, are visiting at M. J. Miller's.

—The meeting at the Christian church, conducted by Rev. J. C. Tully and daughter has resulted in good success. There have been two additions by confession and several by restoration, besides enough interest has been manifested as to try and secure a preacher regularly. About \$20 per month has been subscribed for that purpose.

—Alex. Poteet is in trouble again, this time being charged with stealing a calf from Gustave Illig, at Pine Hill. The sheriff had laid on his house for taxes and Alex. had to raise the money some way. He drove the calf about 5 miles and sold it for \$7.50, paid his taxes and went to Madison county, where he sold the horse.

He returned to this county Friday evening and was arrested Saturday morning by Mat Pike and W. A. Owens, who started to bring him to jail. They were all afoot and when they got in about 1½ miles of town, Alex. ran off from his captors and escaped. Two shots from a double-barreled shot gun were fired at him as he ran. He traveled around through the hills for a while and finally came up where another party who were looking for him were sitting by the roadside resting. He was halted by this party and brought in to jail. I have heard of several other serious charges that are being laid at his door. One is that about 1 year ago he stole a lot of money from Jos. Jones and since that time has stolen about 20 head of sheep, one or two at a time.

GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

Lancaster.

—The Transylvania Presbytery meets at this place on Friday, April 24th.

—Work on W. S. Miller's new buildings is progressing rapidly. They will be the handsomest houses in town when completed.

—Prof. J. R. Blair and family have taken rooms at Mrs. W. H. Smith's. Mr. J. W. Griffin will occupy the rooms just vacated by Mr. Blair.

—Col. Sam B. Harris, of Louisville, is visiting relatives at this place. Mrs. M. F. Harris and family attended the funeral ceremonies of Mr. Nathaniel Berry near Lexington Saturday.

—Several negro men charged with gambling were before the police court Saturday, but from some tall swearing by the friends of the accused the judge was forced to dismiss them.

—A rumor was floating around Sunday to the effect that one of our young men was going to his home to a northern State and capture a bride. We are scared to call any names, however, until the report is confirmed.

—The Rev. J. Lapeley McKee, of Danville, filled the pulpit at the Presbyterian church Sunday, delivering sermons in the morning, afternoon and evening. His discourse in the afternoon was in the interest of Centre College.

—Just as a minister at one of our churches finished reading his text Sunday morning an intoxicated man in the audience exclaimed: "Bet er dollar an' a half it's every word a damn lie." He was yanked out very speedily.

—The skating rink will close Friday evening with a mammoth mask carnival, at which no one will be allowed the use of skates unless they are masked. The fancy dress carnival Friday evening last was well patronized and was an elegant affair.

—A few minutes before 8 o'clock Saturday night some one began firing a pistol on Stanford street just opposite the Hamilton House. Deputy Marshal F. M. Stegar was in the hotel and ran out to stop the shooting and capture the shooter, but the unknown kept up the cannonading and Stegar says used him as a target. He returned the fire but up to this writing no man-gled remains have been found and no arrests made. Stegar escaped unhurt.

—Col. D. R. Collier sold his residence on Lexington street to W. O. Bradley for \$3,500. Col. Collier will probably remove to Dakota in the fall.

—The Lancaster police court recently made an assault on Bee Mason, a hotel keeper of this place, by issuing \$3 warrants against him, charging him with unlawfully selling liquor. Col. Bradley was employed to defend Mr. Mason. The trials have been in progress for about two months and were finally concluded last week. Col. Bradley knocked out 30 of the warrants, but the 31st round struck a snag in the shape of a \$5 fine. Cases Nos. 82 and 83 were settled by Mason's paying the costs.

—Messrs. A. M. Rice, Jim Duncan, W. A. Berkele and S. C. Denny have gone to Williamsburg on a fishing expedition. A large delegation of anglers will go up in a few days to finish catching what fish may be left in the Cumberland river. They are only waiting for favorable reports of the condition of the water. We can boast of more fishermen, both professionals and "elaberrers," than any town of like size in the State, and they are a noble set of preparators all the way through. When recounting the size of fish caught they look as though a microscope clearly and life accordingly.

—Major James A. Burnside, the well-known farmer and man of the world, of this county, was handsomely treated while in Louisville the other day. The Major has been dealing largely in tobacco this year, and has shipped about 500 hogheads of that staple product to the Falls City Tobacco Warehouse, of which R. P. Hare, as generous and popular as he is wide awake is one of the proprietors. While the Major was in the city he spent much of his time at that warehouse and the other day Mr. Hare, who had provided himself with a handsome and costly gold-headed cane, surprised Major Burnside, seated on a tobacco hoghead, by presenting him with the cane, accompanying the gift with a few well chosen remarks, highly eulogistic on the donee. The Major, though taken by surprise, was equal to the occasion. He laid off the hoghead and responded to Mr. Hare's speech in an effort that would do credit to the finest Kentucky orator. The employees of the warehouse gathered around him and as they listened to his thrilling utterances they constantly interrupted him with applause that shook the building.

—THE RAILROAD AID QUESTION.

The Lincoln County Court at its April term, 1885, made an order submitting to the qualified voters of the county, at an election to be held in the several voting precincts of the county, on Saturday, May 16th, 1885, the following question:—

"Whether the county of Lincoln shall issue bonds to an amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars on the credit and responsibility of the whole county, to be expended in acquiring title to or the right of way over a strip of land through the county of Lincoln, beginning at or near Stanford or Richmond Junction and extending thence westerly to or near to Hustonville to the Casey county line, upon the general width of not more than seventy-five feet, and such additional grounds as may be needed for that purpose and such land at Stanford as may be needed for depot buildings, machine shops, round houses, water supply and such other buildings and structures as may be needed to said railroad, and to permit the county to dispose of said property when so acquired to said Railroad Company upon such reasonable terms and in such manner as to compensation as may be agreed upon by said county, through its Commissioners, and said Railroad Company, as permitted by an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky, entitled 'An Act to authorize Lincoln county to raise money to aid in the construction of a railroad through said county,' approved May 1, 1884."

The undersigned were appointed a committee by the Court and directed to have the above stated action of the Court published for the information of the voters of the county, and we have adopted this method of performing that duty.

April 10.

J. BLAIR,
J. W. VARNER,
J. N. MERRITT,
Committee.

What You Want to Know.

Everybody wants an honest answer to this simple question:—What is the best medicine to regulate the bowels, cure constipation and biliousness, help the digestion and give strength to the whole system? People ask us this every day. We answer, Parker's Tonic. It is pleasant to the taste. All the children like it. Mothers praise it. It will save a thousand times the cost in every family.—[Editor Western Argus.]

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India mission-ary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested the wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellow-men. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY, a positive cure for Catarrh, Dysphtheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind. says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." For sale by Penny & McAllister.

Dr. HOSANKO.

This name has become so familiar with the most of people throughout the United States that it is hardly necessary to state that he is the originator of the great Dr. Hosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, the people's favorite remedy, wherever known, for Coughs, Colds, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. Price 50 cents and \$1.00 sold by McRoberts & Stange.

CURE FOR PILES.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A medicine, like periparation, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a very common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Hosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the tumor, allaying the intense itching and effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address the Dr. Hosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, Ohio. Sold by McRoberts & Stange.

Prices Guaranteed to be BOTTOM on Everything.

BRIGHT & CURRAN.

H. C. RUPLEY!

—I have received and still receive—

NEW GOODS For SPRING & SUMMER

Comprising the best in the market, which will be

Gotten Up in Style and Make Second to None in City or Country.

Give Me a Trial.

H. C. RUPLEY.

THE NEW GROCERY AND HARDWARE HOUSE OF

TAYLOR BROS.
HUSTONVILLE, KY.

Would kindly ask your attention to the fact that they have just returned from the cities with a large fresh and well selected stock of GROCERIES

FAMILY GROCERIES

In endless variety, dainty in quality and satisfactory in price; this we guarantee. Our aim shall be at all times to supply every want in our line.

OUR HARDWARE AND POCKET CUTLERY

Consists of the Standard Brands of Europe and America. Our large line of Cooking Stoves includes the justly celebrated "Great Western Reserve" and many other family favorites. Our China, Glass and Queensware stock consists in part of Table, Tea and Chamber Sets complete, Glassware richly cut and etched. In the way of Breadstuffs we name Buckwheat Flour, the queen of all tribes. Our celebrated Patent "G. M." Flour, unrivaled for cake and pastry, white Rice and Hominy, our own patriotic products, arrayed as faithful adjuncts. All the delicacies in Foreign and Domestic Confectionery are here. Tin, Stone, Wooden and Willowware, Electric Lamps, Stationery, Canned Meats and Fruits and a complete line of Cigars and Tobaccos. Well, this is only a hint of what we have. Believing that we can make it to your interest, we confidently ask an examination of our goods and your patronage.

Respectfully, TAYLOR BROTHERS.

THE LION WROUGHT IRON RANGE,

For Coal or Wood.

This Range is Extra Heavy and is made of the very best British Cast-iron. Has cast top and front, with Entire Wrought Iron Body and Oven. Warming oven extends under entire length of Range. Automatic Oven Shelf. Sectional Fire Linings and Cut Centers. Nickel name plate, knobs and hinge pins. Adjustable side shelf and all modern improvements.



Can be arranged with heater for hot and cold water.
Water Box or Heater extra.

W. H. HIGGINS,

SPECIAL AGENT,

Stanford, - Kentucky.

Penny & McAllister

PHARMACISTS.

Drugs, Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles.

Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.

Also—

JEWELERS.

The Largest Stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware

Ever bought to this market. Prices Lower than the Lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired on short notice and Warranted.

—IT—

WILL PAY YOU

—WHEN IN TOWN—

To Examine the Celebrated Evans Corn Planter given up to be the Best on the Market.

Also the Well-Known Thomas Harrow and Furst & Bradley Sulky Plow!

These Goods are For Sale only by us and will be sold guaranteed. Can refer you by permission to some of the best farmers in Lincoln County.

Also, Big Stock of Walking and Walking and Riding Cultivators, Turning Plows, Double and Single Shovel Plows, &c.

We also handle the Mitchell and Old Hickory Wagons.

A Big Line of Buggies, Carriages and Phaetons Always on Hand.

Prices Guaranteed to be BOTTOM on Everything.

BRIGHT & CURRAN.

L. & N. LOCAL TIME CARD.

Mail train going North	12 45 P. M.
South	1 56 P. M.
Express train	1 15 A. M.
North	2 39 A. M.

The above is calculated on standard time. Solar time is about 20 minutes faster.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Buy your school books from Penny & McAlister.

Landreth's Garden Seed, fresh and genuine at Penny & McAlister's.

Watches and Jewelry repaired on short notice and warranted by Penny & McAlister.

A COMPLETE stock of jewelry, latest style. Rockford watches a specialty. Penny & McAlister.

For coughs, colds, &c., use Comp. Syrup of White Pine, in 25 and 50c bottles. Prepared by McRobert & Stagg.

FARMERS, READ THIS.—Go to Dr. M. L. Bourne's drug store and get one package of Sam A. Clark's Hog Remedy. If you are not satisfied after using it your money will be refunded.

PERSONAL.

—T. F. SUNK has returned.

—JAMES SEVERANCE is visiting in Danville.

—MISS PAULINE GRIMES is visiting Miss Lena Lackey.

—MRS. W. G. DUNN, of Harrodsburg, spent Sunday with her parents.

—MISS RUTH and LIZZIE DEPAUL were the guests of Mrs. A. A. Warren.

—MISS MAUD RUPLEY and little Stella have been visiting their grandmother at Parkville.

—MISS LIZZIE CRUTCHER, of Danville, returned home Sunday after a visit to Miss Belle Cochran.

—MRS. FRANK J. WOOD, nee Miss Susie Yeager, of Indianapolis, has been visiting Mrs. I. M. Bruce.

—MR. F. J. CURRAN started to New York yesterday on a combined visit of pleasure and business.

—MISS FANNIE REIN, accompanied by her brother, Dr. Hugh Reid, has gone to Covington to visit Dr. and Mrs. Wyatt I. Letcher.

—MRS. J. H. STEPHENS spent several days with her sister, Mrs. B. K. Warren, before leaving for her new home at Greensburg, Kansas.

—MR. D. W. ARMSTRONG, a New York attorney, was here last week en route to the mountains, to establish the title to a large body of land in Bell and Harlan counties.

—COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY R. C. WARREN, J. W. Alcorn, Esq., and the INTERIOR JOURNAL'S representative, E. C. Walton, are attending the Pulaski circuit court which began yesterday.

—SAMUEL WALTON, Esq., of Lancaster, wants a Consulship. (Commercial. We would like to see him get one. He is an ideal Kentuckian, tall, broad-shouldered and handsome and would represent us well abroad.

LOCAL MATTERS.

No. 1 salmon, to-day, at S. S. Myers.

THE B. B. M. at Opera House April 25th.

FULL stock of spring goods at S. H. Shanks.

LANDRETH'S garden seeds in bulk at McRobert & Stagg's.

POPULAR and chestnut shingles, sawed, or sale by W. H. Higgins.

N. T. HUGHES is agent for the Tennessee wagon, the best in the market.

FOR SALE, at a bargain, two Racine Road Cars, best made. Bright & Curran.

FOR SALE.—Milk cow and calf and yearling heifer. Apply to R. E. Barrow.

THE handsome line of fancy glassware ever brought to Stanford, at Bright & Curran's.

STORE-ROOM on Depot street, 50 yards from the station, for rent. Apply to S. P. Stagg, Stanford.

New songs, new sayings, new costumes, new music with the B. B. M. Opera House April 25th.

RECEIVED Monday, 1 car of white shell corn, 1 car of white seed oats in quantity to suit purchasers. Bright & Curran.

THE Stephens Bros. will open a butcher shop under Lytle's store to day and will keep always on hand fat and tender meats of all kinds.

FLOWERS.—Miss Ella Ramsey will receive a full assortment of flowers May 1st. She has for sale now tuberoses and gladiolus bulbs. Call to see her.

BRIGHT & CURRAN sold a house and lot at our suburb, Howland, to George Pope for \$450 and another to Willis Barnett at the same place for the same sum.

WHEN you want a good wagon, buggy, mower, reaper, twin binder, land roller, or any kind of farming implements, call on N. T. Hughes. He is also ready to buy your wool, don't sell until you see him. Office with W. H. Higgins, corner Main and Depot street; warehouse on Main street.

FRIDAY when Mr. Richard Cobb went to his stable he found two horses and three bridles missing. Believing of course that they were stolen he sent runners in several directions and mailed advertisements offering a reward of \$50 to every town and county for 50 miles around. Fortunately, however, he found them the same afternoon near Shelby City, they having been ridden off by some negroes who robbed his hen roost of 20 odd fowls. He has strong suspicions as to who the guilty persons are and they will likely pay dearly for their fun.

SECURE your reserved seats now for B. B. M. at Opera House April 25th.

BEN HOLTCRAW, of this county, has drawn \$125 pension money, through his attorney, H. T. Harris.

GEORGE FAHRIS has been appointed postmaster at East Bernstad, in Laurel county and E. E. Hogg at Booneville, in Owsley county.

THE Covington Commonwealth says that Mr. H. E. Huntington, nephew of C. P. Huntington, the newly-appointed Superintendent of the Kentucky Central, takes charge on the 21st.

AFTER William Adams, for manslaughter, and Isaac Gastineau, for horse stealing, are taken to the penitentiary to-day, there will be but two prisoners in jail, Carson, charged with murder, and a negro boy held for lunacy.

WHEN Bill Carson found that his lawyers could not afford to follow his case to another county, he refused to permit a change of venue to be asked and it was continued for trial here at the October term of the court, his counsel refusing Judge Owsley's offer to hold a special term for it in August. On a motion for bail, the Judge very promptly and properly fixed it at \$5,000, which means that Carson will stay in jail. The court finally adjourned Saturday after a five weeks' term. But two men were sent to the penitentiary, William Adams, on a compromise verdict, having at his own request been allowed to accept a term of two years, rather than lay in jail till next court, and Isaac Gastineau for horse stealing.

"THE Stanford JOURNAL" advertises a performance of the "Big Barefoot Minstrel" composed entirely of home talent. Big bare feet, matted yellow hair, and soda bicarb complexion are distinguished characteristics of society in that little hamlet in the mountains. The troupe has scored a brilliant success in its selection of a name." The above choice paragraph is from the Harrodsburg Democrat, whose editor we have on more than one occasion had to characterize as a young ass, because he knew so much less than the older members of his stupid family. If there is any sense or point in his effort it is not apparent and the only effect of it is to show what a miserable ignoramus is the conceited y. a. who wrote it. If it was intended for wit, it is disgustingly thin, and if it is really the writer's idea of the place and its location, the study of a geography might keep him from making blunders, which cause him to appear so ridiculous to intelligent people. Again we urge him to go to school, go to grass, go to the devil, anywhere but to a printing office.

MARRIAGES.

—Mr. John Apple has obtained license to marry Miss Margaret Belle Williams at the residence of Mr. B. F. Williams, on the 23d.

—Allen Gilmore, nearly three score, and Miss Amanda Jane Gilmore, but one score, are to be married at the residence of the groom in this county on the 23th.

DEATHS.

—James Anderson, son of Silas Anderson, died Saturday of pneumonia, aged 20. He had been sick a long time, suffering both with a fever and consumption. His remains were interred at Goshen Sunday.

—The remains of Miss Sue Davis, owing to some unfortunate delay, did not arrive here till Monday morning, when decomposition had so far progressed as to render it inadvisable to take them to church for a funeral service as was at first intended. They were therefore buried from the residence of Mr. Robt. S. Lytle and a short service only at the grave by Rev. A. S. Moffett.

—Thos. H. Myers died of consumption at his home in Boyle, Saturday morning. He was a member of the Providence Baptist church from his earliest youth and was an earnest and true christian. His funeral service was held Sunday afternoon by Rev. T. M. Vaughan and his remains interred in the family burying grounds. His aged and affectionate mother, who survives him, is especially deserving of sympathy, as death has entered her household for the fifth time in the last few years and taken away her husband, three children and one grandchild.

—Miss Ella F. Doores, of Crab Orchard, after a long illness of consumption breathed her last Sunday at 4:30 P. M., after bidding an affectionate farewell to her weeping parents and sisters. She was perfectly conscious of her approaching death and said she was willing and anxious to go to her Savior, whom she had not neglected when health and blooming youth were hers. At an early age she gave her heart to God and joined the Christian church, since which her life has been one of devotion to her Master. She was for several years a correspondent of this paper and her gentle, lady like letters will be remembered by many of our readers. After a funeral service at the residence of her father, Dr. Doores, by Eld. J. G. Livingston, her remains were taken to Lancaster and laid away at 2 P. M. yesterday.

RELIGIOUS.

—Eld. C. C. Cline will begin a series of lectures at the Christian church next Sunday.

—Rev. A. B. Cabinies, of the Western Recorder, is lecturing at the Baptist church on "China and the Chinese."

—Rev. F. S. Pollitt will begin a protracted meeting in the Methodist church, this place, on 1st Sunday in June. He will be assisted by Rev. H. C. Morrison.

—Those of our subscribers who have sent for "God's Love Story" and the Barnes' photographs need not be alarmed at the delay in getting them. We will have a full supply in a few days, having ordered them a month ago.

—An excursion party of 400 Baptists has gone to Monterey, Mexico, to dedicate the Baptist church there.

—Rev. George W. Niggan, D. D., Assistant Professor of Greek in the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, at Louisville, died Saturday. This brilliant, scholarly minister was barely thirty years old. He was born in Isle of Wight county, Va.

—Rev. Geo. C. Gould and wife, late of Millersburg, have been divorced by decree of a court in New Mexico. It will be remembered that Mr. Gould was disciplined by the Methodist Conference last year for causing growing out of his alleged misconduct.

—Bishop James W. Hood, of Fayetteville, N. C., the presiding officer of the Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, in session in Washington in his address thankfully ascribed the defeat of Blaine to God, Who, by the rain which He sent on election day, determined the result in favor of Mr. Cleveland.

—The Freedmen's Aid Society of the Methodist Church has aided in the establishment and support, among the colored people, of seven chartered schools, besides a medical college at Nashville, a Biblical institute at Baltimore and twenty-three schools not chartered. Aid has also been extended to schools for the whites. The total disbursements of the society last year amounted to \$147,052.79.—[N. Y. Examiner.]

—Owing to his inability to get the gas to work, Eld. J. W. McGarvey was unable to illustrate his lecture on Palestine with stereoscopic views and he therefore announced that ticket-holders would have their money refunded so that no admission would be charged at the door. This was very unfortunate for him and the ladies who had engaged his services as the church was crowded with people that came from all over the county. Even without the views the lecture was worth many times the admission fee, as the speaker described the country, its manners and its customs so minutely and so entertainingly, that even a casual reader of the Bible was delighted, while the christian found additional joy in human proof of the correctness of the scenes recorded in the Book of Books.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP.

—Bright and Curran sold to Ed. Davison a pair of plug horses for \$150.

—About 150 tons of hemp were sold at Lexington, last week, for \$7.50@7.85 a hundred weight.

—Wanted 50,000 pounds of wool for which I will pay the highest market price. A. T. Nunnally, Stanford.

—N. T. Hughes is authorized to engage the new clip of wool at highest market price. See him before selling.

—The Lexington Races commence Tuesday, May 5th, and continue to the 13th inclusive, with 4 races each day, hurdle racing and other attractions.

—Since the creamery has become an established fact the prices of milk cows have increased notably. A good scrub cow will now sell for \$60 cash, readily.—[Hopkinsville New Era.]

—S. L. Woodbridge and H. C. McLeod sold this week 10,000 bushels of wheat, which they have been holding for an advance since last fall, to the Roller Mill at Lexington, at \$1.05 per bushel.—[Press.]

—DANVILLE COURT.—About 250 or 300 cattle on market of common and inferior quality and mostly unsold. No one seemed anxious to buy, bidding 3 1/2 to 4 cents for best. No milch offered and very little demand for horses.

DANVILLE, BOYLE COUNTY.

—Mr. Hayden Calvert is erecting a new building at Junction City to be occupied by Jno. Pierce as a restaurant.

—The opera of Bo-peep will be presented at the Opera House next Friday night instead of last Friday as was first announced.

—A game of Base Ball Friday evening between the Junior and Freshman classes of Centre College, was won by the latter, score 8 to 17.

—The ladies of the Baptist church will serve dinner including all the delicacies in the store-room under the Opera House to-day (Monday.)

—The Picked Nine, of Centre College, and the Lexington Avenues played a game of base ball Saturday evening and the Nines won. Score 17-14.

—Mr. Jno. W. Engleman left Friday for Baltimore, having in charge a fine horse purchased from Hubert McGoodwin by Louis McLane, of that city.

—"Our Boy's Glee Club," of Somerset, gave an entertainment at the Tribble House, Junction City, Saturday evening, which was a good performance, and was well attended.

—Saturday was a day of tremendous excitement in Danville among the ladies, the cause of it being the spring "opening" of bonnets by the various milliners. The display is said to have been very fine.

—Fred Measheimer, has painted, papered and refitted generally his already attractive restaurant on Main street opposite the court house. Among other new features are handsome marble top tables in the dining room. Mr. J. C. Nichols and his assistant did the papering and painting.

—Dr. W. K. Argo, Superintendent of the D. & D. Institute, is absent in the East on a visit to similar establishments to the one over which he presides. During his absence he will visit the asylums at Hartford, Conn., Boston, Mass., Northampton, Mass., New York City, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Washington City. Mr. Geo. T. Schofield has charge of the Institute during Mr. Argo's absence.

—In the county court to day the following settlements heretofore presented were confirmed and ordered to record: J. L. Bruce, guardian of Isabella N. Bruce and Mary B. Bruce; R. H. Guthrie, admr. of

C. Ruple; J. S. Van Winkle, curator of D. C. Taylor, Jno. Taylor and Lee Taylor; J. M. Gray Trustee of S. N. Figg. An inventory and appraisal of the estate of Reuben Lee decd. presented, filed, approved and ordered to record. Sale bill of Mrs. M. H. Linney filed, approved and ordered to record. The matter of the probate of Rutherford Booker's will continued until next term.

—Miss Hattie Hodges, of Lexington, is visiting Miss Lilly Messick. Mr. Robert Rodes, a leading lawyer of Bowling Green, is in town. Mr. F. W. Samuel has returned from Philadelphia, where he has been for the past seven months attending medical lectures. Mr. Jas. Minor, of this city, is sick with malarial fever at Harrodsburg. Judge R. J. Breckinridge, of Louisville, left Saturday for Atlanta, Ga., on legal business. Mr. W. B. Nichols, an old newspaper man from away back at Winchester, was in town Saturday. Messrs. Andrew Whitley and W. D. Moore have returned from Texas and Colorado. Mr. J. S. Van Winkle was at Williamsburg, Whitley county, attending circuit court last week. Col. C. E. Bowman arrived from Frankfort Saturday evening. Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Russell have moved here from Junction City, occupying the residence of the late Benj. Boling.

—Two negroes robbed the Lexington postoffice of \$3,000 worth of mail.

—W. T. Tavis won the democratic nomination for the Legislature in Madison Saturday.

—The postoffice at Berea was robbed of \$400 in money and \$200 in stamps and orders and a gold watch.

—Alex. Sutherland took a nap on the railroad track, near Lebanon, Sunday morning, and was torn to pieces by a passing train.

—A dishonored husband, the faithless wife and her paramour played the leading parts in a bloody tragedy at Newburgh, N. Y., Saturday. The husband stabbed his wife and her friend, then severed his own jugular.

We Want a Lady

Of intelligence to take permanent, sole agency for our goods used in every family in this place. Stock furnished by us without investment. References indispensable. J. B. HILLING Co., Chicago, Illinois.

ITCH cured in 30 minutes by Welford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Penny & McAlister, Druggists, Stanford; also by D. C. & M. E. Williams, Mt. Vernon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAJ. F. D. RIGNEY

Is a Candidate to succeed himself in the State Senate, subject to the action of the Democracy.

HON. A. G. TALBOTT

Is a Candidate for Senator in the District composed of Boyle, Lincoln, Casey and Garrard, subject to the action of the Democratic party. Election first Monday in August.

MILLINERY!

MRS. MOODY HARDIN

Has just returned from the cities with an elegant and comprehensive line of Spring and Summer Millinery, to which she invites the attention of the ladies. Store on Lancaster street, formerly occupied by Mrs. Buddler, whom she bought out some time ago. (2-3m)

FIRE INSURANCE.

JNO. M. PHILIPS,

STANFORD, KY.

Represents the Best and most Prompt-Paying Companies and his rates are very low. Give him a call. (2-3)

SPRING MILLINERY!

I have just Opened a Handsome Line of Millinery,

To which I invite the attention of the Ladies of Stanford and vicinity. Miss Cynthia Carson, a very skillful lady, is in charge and would be glad to see her friends. (10-1)

MRS. M. V. TABLE.

"St. Mary's Saw Mills"

AND LUMBER YARD.

On top of the Knob, close by J. Carter's Grocery Store.

FOOTE & WHEELER, Proprietors.

For all kinds of GENERAL Lumber, builders and others can not find a better market to suit themselves. Our motto is "Good Material for Reasonable Rates." (10-1)

PINKEYE.

A Remarkable Cure of a Horse.

Chl. James L. Fleming, a prominent grocery merchant, a member of the firm of Fleming & Linton, Augusta, Ga., makes the following statement of the treatment of a valuable horse with Swift's Specific:

In the Fall of 1883 I had a valuable colt taken with a severe case of pinkeye, which resulted in the most fearful case of blood poisoning I have ever seen. After eight or nine months of doctoring with every remedy that I could bear of, I despaired of a cure. At this time the horse was unable to move because of swollen limbs. His right hind leg was as large as a man's body and had on it over forty running sores. He had also a number of large sores on his body and other limbs. He was a most pitiable looking object and I was advised to end his sufferings with the shot gun. He was a valuable animal and I did not want to lose him. After racking my brain in search for another remedy more efficacious, I thought of Swift's Specific. I knew that it was invaluable to the human family as a blood purifier, and why should it not be for the animal as well? I did not hesitate, but sent last July to Atlanta for a supply.

I began the treatment with 4 oz. of S. S. and 4 oz. of water three times a day. This I continued for a week. Then I increased the dose to 6 oz. of each and continued for a week. Then I increased to 8 oz. and ran it a week, when I went back to 6 oz. again. The result was that at the end of the first week the horse had a fair appetite, which he had not had since his sickness. At the end of the second week even greater improvement was apparent, for many of the sores were healing nicely and the horse manifested a desire to move about. At the end of the third week he began to show gain in flesh and had full appetite. The swelling had almost disappeared. I used in all about 15 bottles of Swift's Specific and when I quit he was the horse had only four small sores left on him and they healed up immediately.

In August last all symptoms of the disease passed away and up to date no signs of a return of the troubles have made their appearance and the horse has done a mile's work on my farm.

I regard it one of the most remarkable cures that I have ever known. Thus this great medicine has proven a boon to the animal as well as the human race.

Augusta, Jan. 9, 1885. JAS. L. FLEMING. Sent for book on Blood and Skin diseases. It is mailed free. True Swift Specific Co. 11-12t

Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Ladies' and Children's

SPRING SHOES

The fact that we have sold more Ladies' and Children's fine Shoes since January 1st than ever before for the same period is convincing that Bennett & Barnard and Williams & Hoyt made a line of goods in style, fit and fineness second to none in the market.

We Have Received Our Spring Goods

In French Curacao and Kangaroo Kids in the New Flexible Sole that is now the most popular Shoe in the world for solid comfort. Come while sizes are complete.

BRUCE & M'ROBERTS.

Seed

Sweet Potatoes,

Seed

Irish Potatoes,

Onion Sets

and

Garden Seeds

of the

Best Varieties,

at

T. R. Walton's

Corner

Main

and

Somerset

Streets.

WOMAN AND HOME.

FAMILY LIFE OF ENGLISH MIDDLE AND UPPER CLASSES.

Household Where Law and Order Reign Supreme—Relations of Parents and Children—Training of Boys and Girls—The Mother.

(Robert Laid Collier.)

Law reigns in the typical English household. And there law is enforced with military uniformity. The family is an institution in fact as well as in name. Parents, children, servants, guests, are all under law. And the family is a law-abiding community. The coming in and the going out, the up-rising and the down-sitting are regulated by law. In the houses of the wealthy and noble not infrequently the statutes are printed and posted in conspicuous places so that the casual guest may govern himself accordingly. Perhaps in all the bedrooms, as well as in the great hall there will be framed cards hung up on which are printed the hours for prayers and the daily meals.

EVERYBODY ON TIME.

This reign of law begets a strict and valuable economy in every direction. First of all it saves time. Dinner is ready to the minute; the family—all the family—are as punctual as the clock. The carriage is at the door on time, or otherwise the coachman is discharged for unpunctuality and he forfeits a certificate of good character. The children go to school on time, and what is of infinitely more importance, they go to bed on time. There are no sleepy, lolling children, yawning, nor no sleeping, snoring children irritating the nerves of guests when they should be in their beds.

SERVANTS AND CHILDREN.

Servants have their times and seasons, their days out and their holidays, and no household crisis is great enough to cause the housewife to venture upon diplomatic measures to bridge these privileges. The servants rise on time and retire at an appointed hour, and these regulations are as inviolable as the order of nature. It is the law of the family that the children shall be dutiful and affectionate. No child answers back. I was never in but one English family where I noticed undutiful or sulking children. Obedience is rendered with alacrity and delight. English children are wholly possessed of the belief that to obey means power; that only weak and willful people disobey when duty commands. And English children have level heads upon this vital subject.

HOUSEHOLD "EXPENSE BOOK."

The mother is the head of the house, and the father is the head of the mother. He is the source of all law and the mother is the source of all order. The mother executes the behests of the husband. He determines the expenditures of the household. She makes them. Diaries for the engagement of the family are kept. Household expenditure books are as necessary to a well-ordered family as a fan is to a well-dressed lady. By this it is not meant it is ornamental—by no means. It is part of the fitting of the house, as the fan is essential to a complete toilet. It is like a mariner's log-book. These expense books are in every family, and are examined with business care and exactness by the husband. This is not done for fun. There is no mean advantage taken by the wife on the score of "good fellowship." No more would a wife excuse inaccuracies and carelessness in her accounts than in those of the grocer or baker. All the family bills of every description—all the wages of servants even those to coachman and gardeners, are paid by the wife. The household has but one expense book.

CHILDREN'S "ALLOWANCES."

The elder children have their own allowances. And these are never extravagant. Extravagance among the well-bred English is deemed vulgar. A young lady in a middle-class family, say where their family expenditures would be from \$5,000 to \$10,000 a year, would probably have an allowance of from \$300 to \$500 per year for her personal expenses. This allowance would include clothing, traveling charities, and in short all personal expenses whatever. Usually children yet at school have annual allowances to meet their extra expenses, and all children are allowed a given sum weekly for spending money. These allowances are supplemented by considerable gifts from the parents. The birthday and Christmas presents are often in the form of money or clothing, and party dresses of an expensive sort are usually a little pleasant surprise, just before the night of the company or ball. The reign of law has a much higher usefulness than to serve as an economizer of time. This latter is certainly an important element in the English way of life. It is the mother who wisely conserves and used. But only fancy what peace and bliss, what absence of care and friction, are in the gift of this reign of law. What savings of hot tempers and explosions of irritability under a regime where there is no provision for such unseemly and mischievous expenditures of strength. English children grow up with their nerves intact. They do not know they have any nerves, but all the same, and by reason thereof, they have nerve.

THE FAMILY AT HOME.

The English in their homes are a charming and engaging people and no mistake. The father is supreme in authority, and this law is one of love. It is never vociferous. The wife and mother finds her own security and her utmost happiness. The rank is as lucidly defined and as firmly fixed as the husband's and father's. What a condition of temperamental and practical repose this is. No tumult and no strength wasted and misapplied over disputable rights and prerogatives. The mother is the ostensible and obvious authority in the house. She executes the father's will. Children and servants come to her for orders and lay before her their grievances. The husband is never fretted with such detail. Nor is the wife, on the other hand, troubled to all the details of the politics of the household. Their functions are distinct and they keep to them.

All social civilities are observed, and domestic proprieties are never violated. Scolding, fretting and fuming in the family are labeled "vulgar" by the genteel people, and so this banishes them from its precincts. All differences are made on the part of the children. When the parents and children meet at breakfast and daughters alike make overtures of affection. The mother and the father are kissed by the children, who seem to consider it a favor to be accorded such a privilege. All sons and daughters so long as they abide under the parental roof are subject to the law of the household. They seem to feel that the least return they can make the parents is dutifulness and affection.

HUSBAND AND WIFE.

The husband and wife are uniformly addressed in terms of endearment and by the first name. The American habit of speaking to each other as Mr. Johnson or Mrs. Wilson is unknown. Familiarly the word "dear" or "love" is used, or else more formally "John" or "William." Children never use "sir" or "mam" in speaking to parents, but always say "yes, papa," or "no, mamma," as the case may be. The use of these prefixes has a value which is unknown

among us. We mean nothing whatever by it. We use these words to everybody and on all occasions. I mean the most of our people do. When a youth addresses an angustate, or a minister, or a schoolmaster as "sir," he does it with such accentuation as to convey a special and meant mark of respect. There is much more affectionateness expressed by words and deeds in an English family than among ourselves, and the usual civilities of manner and speech are more scrupulously observed. The rights of each member of the family to privacy, to his own room and books, to his own time and arrangements, are uniformly respected. The hours have their duties and their pleasures and are kept with a regularity and obligation that we have not learned to understand. The social correspondence of the family, including that of the father, is addressed to the house, and the first post delivery is made all over Great Britain by the express of the morning. As the breakfast is an informal meal, letters and papers are opened and read. Business begins a much later hour everywhere in Great Britain than in most parts of America. Gentlemen leave home more leisurely in the morning and work more consecutively while at business than is the rule with us. In consequence the work of the day is finished at an earlier hour in the afternoon, and gentlemen return home in time to dress for dinner. In the warm months it is customary for husband and wife, guests, and perhaps the children, to walk about the garden and see the "animals"—the horses and dogs—before beginning the day's routine.

BOYS AT SCHOOL.

Boys are sent off to school at a very early age, sometimes as early as from 10 to 12. They are put into the hands of the great masters of the great public schools and are fitted to enter out of the lower "forms" at an age when boys with us would be still wrestling with "geography, grammar, history and arithmetic." They are early drilled in Latin and Greek. Thoroughness in the education of an English child seems to be the first consideration. Thoroughness, regularity, habits of order and punctuality, are insisted upon from the moment a child is supposed to be responsible for his actions. His books are kept in good condition, and his copy book is clean and tidy.

The rule would be that an English child of 10 would write a letter and more regular than an American child of 15. English people quote universally well. They are careful as to the quality of the stationery, the pen, and ink which they use. I never received a social or friendly letter written on business paper. Nor did I ever receive a letter from an English gentleman written in a business envelope. These, perhaps, are small matters, but they are noted only to illustrate the care and the result of early training. Boys are taught, however, that these are not small matters, and attention is given to their observance all through life.

THE GOVERNESS.

In all families spending from \$5,000 to \$50,000 yearly, and where there are children, a governess would be employed, and the younger children, and perhaps the girls of all ages, would be taught at home. When this is the case the governess has pretty much the entire responsibility of the children. The school hours are scrupulously observed as though in a school away from home. Many girls never leave home to go to school, but when they have learned all the governess can teach, masters of special branches and for music are engaged to give lessons at home.

OUT-OF-DOOR SPORTS.

The boys begin out-door sports almost when they begin to walk. The governess is expected to take the children for regular and long walks daily. The boys have cricket, "bats and boulders," lawn tennis, riding, swimming and boating, and keep up these outdoor exercises and recreations pretty much all through life. Gentlemen of all ages engage in these sports, and when too old to play the more vigorous games take a hand at bowls. Every Englishman knows how to play, and to the last enjoys to play. The Englishman is a Spartan. He has no feelings, but they are so deep down that he seldom gets at them. They never come to the surface. It is deemed unbecoming to show feeling. He plays as a boy foot-ball. It is cruel, almost brutal game. He runs his risk. I have seen a boy taken off the field unconscious, when he came to himself he said: "Oh, it's nothing."

These boys are mainly fellows; honest, truthful, trusting, generous, and stout-hearted. I never had an English boy tell me a lie. In the upper classes few would in any way act dishonestly. Only through envy or to please the boys of the lower classes count to be sneaks. English boys look upon German boys as pedants, upon French boys as "blabbers," and upon American boys as "elderly gentlemen." The American boy is the mystery. An English boy stops in his short breeches just as long as he can. He has no fancy for parties and balls and evenings in drawing rooms. He likes "bats and boulders." He prefers foot-ball and cricket; he chooses rather to roam the fields with gun and dog; he counts it gain when he has been in the saddle for the day.

SLANGY BUT NOT "MANNISH."

His language. He uses slang. This is his vernacular. A green-grocer's son who puts on airs he calls a "catt," an awkward boy who is clumsy and a bit cowardly he says is a "duffer," a biting and deceitful boy is known as a "muff." When the schoolmaster is angry he is "waxy." He is always using negatives. A fellow is quaking when he says "it's a good job," a lugubrious or an Eton boy never ventures far beyond saying "it's not bad," or "it's not half bad." He never would dream of saying "that's immense," when he meant the same thing he would say "it's rather jolly." A sixpence is a "tanner" and a shilling is a "bob." His father is the "goonier," and his mother the "mater." His companion is his "pal" and his dog is his "brute." He never has a "plenic" or a "crisis," but only a "lark." So universal is the use of slang among English boys that they have no notion that their vernacular is slang. To talk in any other tongue would be not only affectation but "cheeky." Girls as well as boys use "nasty" for disagreeable and "beardy" for offensive.

English boys are never effeminate, and they are very "taking" because they are such splendid fellows. They dress like boys till they are 15 years old. They obey like boys; they study and play; they fight like boys; they are and sleep; they do not put themselves in any way like boys till they become men, and then they put away childish things. All foreigners in America find where the children are. The absence of boys and girls is altogether the most striking feature of American society. It is deliciously refreshing to meet in America a boyish boy or a girlish girl. Manish boys and womanish girls are the rule in American life, so foreigners think and say.

HOW GIRLS ARE SUPPRESSED.

English girls are suppressed. But they do not know it. If seen they are not heard, and they are not often seen. They are never put on exhibition. Their manners are quiet, and their dress is always very simple. The richer and higher of rank the plainer they are dressed as a rule. Children never wear jewelry. It is not often that an unmarried lady wears jewelry at all, and if so, very modest pieces such as a pin or a ring. Children are never made miserable by judicious. Constipation, diarrhea, loss of appetite, yellow skin, biliousness, vitelline, a positive cure. For sale by Peary & McAlister.

children are never put into livery. They are kept in the nursery till they have acquired quiet and unobtrusive manners. They do not dine with the family till such age as guarantees good manners. The brilliant "complexions of the children—somewhat due to the soft and humid climate—is a result of careful diet and regular hours of work, recreation, and sleep.

The girls are with their mothers much less than are French girls, and are with nurses and governesses much more. They are very shy and modest. Their rearing is religiously looked after, and few read sensational or flashy fiction. Solid reading is the rule. Indeed, they read but little and know but little outside their text-books. The girls and for that matter the women, have no genius for conversation. They seldom prattle interestingly, as the French ladies do, and take no great delight in whispering scandal as the German ladies do. They embroider and sew, and all have "fancy work" on hand. They never sit idly. Even in the drawing room, in the evening, they will converse while doing some sort of needlework. The girls ride, take long walks, play tennis, and roam the gardens and fields. Among the wealthy classes they have their horses and dogs, and spend no inconsiderable time with them.

SEEKING THE WORLD.

The date for a girl's entrance into society is not left to be decided by a whim, an accident, or not at all. She is not in society while she is a schoolgirl. She does not go to parties, or have beaux, or put on the dress and manners of a young lady till her girlhood days are past and she has quitted the school-room. When the time comes she is "brought out." A party is given at the opening of the season, and she is introduced into society. This would not be earlier than her 17th year and perhaps as late as her 19th.

English children are a good deal of the world. Boys are very much under their tutors and frequently spend their holidays under their charge, traveling on the continent, and with the object in view of acquiring the French and German languages. Well-bred children are early taught to speak both these tongues. To perfect their pronunciation and increase their facility of speech they are taken to reside a time or to travel in France and Germany. It is very common to meet a half-don boys in the care of a tutor or a young curate, making excursions on foot through the Rhine country or in Switzerland.

DOMESTIC RELIGION.

There is a religious life in most English families. It is a matter taken for granted. A predisposition is observed in the vast majority of families. Among the upper classes domestic religious observance is looked upon as a part of the well ordering of the household. It is not a subject of which children lightly in any way. The children are asked to say grace at table—boys and girls alike—except when guests are present. Children are taken to church at a very early age and grow up accustomed to church attendance. The institutions and ordinances of religion are held in profound respect. The clergy are honored and a distinct place in the regard and even affections of the family.

The family life is the safety and bulwark of England. The religion and reverence which are ever present and over active in the family life of England are its strength and glory.

The Late Sir-Secretary of State.

The men of the older day are fast passing away. Of those who made United States history 20 years ago, and those who took part in the striking political events immediately following, there will soon be left a melancholy remnant at present centres in ex-Secretary Frederick T. Frelinghuysen. During his residence in Washington Mr. Frelinghuysen devoted himself to the duties of his office early and late. No clerks worked harder. A predisposition to fatal disease was aggravated by this close application to duty. He kept up, however, until the Arthur administration went out. It often happened that those who are ill and dying continue to work long under pressure of excitement or important duties. As soon as the strain is relieved they succumb. So with Secretary Frelinghuysen. He was prostrated with illness immediately after the close of his term of office, and was taken carefully to his home in Newark, N. J.

Frederick T. Frelinghuysen was born at Milltown, N. J., Aug. 4, 1817. He graduated from Rutgers college in 1839. He was the nephew and adopted son of the distinguished Theodore Frelinghuysen, chancellor of the University of the City of New York. He studied law, and immediately settled in Newark. He did not aspire to shine in political life. He stuck to law faithfully for 20 years, and achieved a reputation at once solid and brilliant. With him, indeed, passed away one of the ablest and most distinguished lawyers in the country. He proved anew that an honorable business or professional steadily pursued, is greatly preferable to politics as an occupation.

The secretary was one of those born with a silver spoon in his mouth, as they say. Wealth, talent and fine social position were all his to begin with. He used these advantages honorably and well. He was 44 years old when he was appointed to his first political office, that of Attorney general of New Jersey. He was reappointed when his term expired, but the same year (1860) the governor named him to fill a vacancy in the United States senate. He was re-elected for the full term. It is notable that all his political offices were filled by appointment, rather than election.

From the time he was made attorney general, in 1861, Mr. Frelinghuysen's political career was almost continuous. It might have been entirely so, except for a curious reason. He was nominated by President Grant as minister to England, and confirmed by the senate. He had, however, a belief in superstition, or whatever it was, that if he ever took an ocean voyage he would lose his life on the way. Therefore he declined the honor. The most intellectual men have their whims and fancies. Mr. Frelinghuysen's whim was almost continuous. It might have been entirely so, except for a curious reason. He was nominated by President Grant as minister to England, and confirmed by the senate. He had, however, a belief in superstition, or whatever it was, that if he ever took an ocean voyage he would lose his life on the way. Therefore he declined the honor. The most intellectual men have their whims and fancies. Mr. Frelinghuysen's whim was almost continuous. 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